

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT,
MARTIN VAN BUREN.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
RICHARD M. JOHNSON.

POETRY.

OH! THE DAYS ARE GONE.

A Parody on "Love's Day Dream."
Oh! the days are gone when bread and cheese
Could hunger dupe;
When dearly loved roast pork and peas,
And soup—pea soup!
Fat traps is nice,
Beef steak entice,
And treacle's good on bread!
But there's nothing half so good in life
As baked sheep's head.
Oh that dainty dish is ne'er forgot,
By Molly plied;
'Twas sausages and gravy hot,
With pig's fry graced.
'Twas dinner fed,
As soon as spread,
It flew away like steam:
'Twas a dish I ne'er shall taste again,
With Molly Scream.

LOVE'S ALTAR.—BY R. SHELTON MACKENZIE.

Here was thine altar: on this shrine,
LOVE: thou wert worshipp'd as divine;
When, in Arcadia's golden prime,
To worship thee was held no crime.
Then did the happy-hearted bring
The dove—their sinless offering;
And youth his holiest, deepest prayer
Breathed by the rose-wreathed altar there.
But now how thou hast lost thy sway!
Our pure affections fade away,
Beauty is sacrificed for gold,
Thou art not as thou wert of old.
Thy potency of artless art,
Which all engrossed the wilder heart—
The passion-impression of thy name,
Thoughts, lava-like, which breathed of flame—
Enraptured Passion—Beauty—all
That owned thee master, share thy fall!
Thy might is gone, thy altar cold,
Thou art not as thou wert of old!

Dr Channing.—Mr William S. Sommer has written a short notice of the Doctor which is published in the last N. Y. Mirror, the pith of which is contained in the following extract:—

"His powers and his sympathies do not accord with his age, his country, or his profession. Yet has the character of no one been more modified by the influence of such circumstances than his. In consequence of this, he is, like his religion, a personified contradiction. His poetry intrudes upon his philosophy, his philosophy upon his religion, and his notions of utility upon all three. With a calmness of skepticism which Hume might have envied, he commingles an ardor of faith, which Wesley might have reproved for presumption. When he discusses the doctrines of revelation, we turn to the title-page to see if we do not hold Spinoza in our hand—when his topic is the feelings and requisitions of piety, we might imagine we were reading a new Thomas à Kempis. He would sweep away, with the iron hand of Goetz, of Berlichingen, the whole rubbish of saints that crowds the imagination of a catholic, and turn round to rebuke Fenelon for want of devotion. His understanding is with things in advance—his heart with things past. He cheers his countrymen in their onward, tentative course, and applauds every novel conquest, while his spirit is wrapt in the feelings of remotest ages. He makes an excellent American unitarian of the nineteenth century, but he would have made a better Italian devotee of the ninth. In a Linnean classification of the human race, there might be some doubt whether Channing should be set down in the genus 'utilitarian,' or in that of 'pure poet.'—He would recline in the shady groves of Vallombrosa, to read the Penny Cyclopaedia, and enter a sick room to harangue on the poetry of death. He does not love political economy for its want of soul; yet, if an angel were to visit him from heaven, he would, probably, entertain him with an account of Babbage's machine."

INDIGESTION, JAUNDICE AND BILIOUS COMPLAINTS. ANDERSON'S VEGETABLE ELIXIR, for Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Jaundice and Bilious Complaints, weakness of the Stomach and Bowels, and consequent loss of appetite; nervous complaints, headache, sour stomach, flatulence and habitual costiveness.

This medicine is composed entirely of vegetable substances, is perfectly safe in its operation, and may be given to children or persons of the most delicate habit, without the least risk of inconvenience.

The uniform success which has attended the use of it where it has been extensively used, in Boston and various other parts of the United States, and in the West Indies, attested by interested and highly respectable persons, affords, next to a trial of the medicine itself, the best commentary upon its virtues, and the best recommendation which can be offered to those who are unacquainted with it.

Extract of a letter received from a gentleman in Boston, who had suffered severely from indigestion for three years. "During this time, I suffered very much from mental depression, constant pain in the head and breast, and side, sharp shooting pains almost the whole system—the food that I ate seemed to pass into my lungs and there remain, giving me great pain as attended with a strong degree of heat. At times, I suffered so much from pain of indigestion as to be confined to the bed for two or three days. During one of these most severe attacks I was induced by the advice of a friend to try your Vegetable Medicine. In the course of a few weeks I found myself much better, and by the time I had taken two bottles, considered myself wholly free from the complaint. I continue, on the least feeling of any thing like indigestion or pressure on the stomach, to take about a table-spoonful of it, which, in the course of a few hours, completely restores me. It has had with me a very wonderful effect, in strengthening the stomach and invigorating the whole system, and judging by my own case, I consider it in all diseases connected with the digestive organs, to be a very valuable medicine."

It is put up in large bottles containing a pound and a half and sold at seventy-five cents each, by Jonathan P. Hall, Jr., No. 1, Union street, John P. Whitwell, Milk street, John I. Brown, near Boylston Market, Erasmus S. Holden, near the Western Avenue, Richard A. Newell, Summer street, Boston; Samuel Kidder & Co. Charlestown, & G. Lemon, Roxbury.

SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS.—Portsmouth Co. 37 and 28 inch Brown Cottons, for sale by GRANT, SEAY & CO., 5 Liberty square.

FRESH FISH.—At wholesale and retail, opposite No. 67 Long wharf, North side—constantly on hand the winter season. For further information inquire of HIOES SARGENT, No. 67 Long wharf.

GERMAN WINDOW GLASS.—200 boxes assorted sizes, first quality, just landed—for sale by ROGERS DEVEN & CO., wholesale druggists and paint dealers, 5 & 6 Granite Stores, Commercial wharf.

DEW DROPS.—By A. G. Hersey, for sale at 162 Hanover st.

PRICE REDUCED.—VEGETABLE EXTRACT.

This is the most valuable remedy yet discovered for the cure of Throat Distemper, or Malignant, Putrid, Ulcerated Sore Throat, Scarlet Fever, Canker Rash, Canker in the Mouth, Throat and bowels, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Rose-Mouth of nursing women, and Acute Humors of Teething Children; in short, for almost all the affections of the Mucous membrane of the month, throat and alimentary canal. These diseases are acknowledged by all physicians to be of the most severe and obstinate character, and have long baffled their skill and research. The discovery therefore of an effectual remedy for them, particularly for the various forms of Scarlet Fever, must be considered by every true philanthropist as an invaluable desideratum. As a common and perfectly safe family medicine, it will be found of inestimable value in cases of common sore throats and colds—disordered state of the stomach and bowels, which are habitual costiveness, indigestion, flatulency, nausea and vomiting. Also, in cases of weakness arising from fever and all debilitating diseases, such as consumption, &c.; it is neither found very beneficial as a cathartic and alterative, as it neither causes debility, nor does it, as is the case with the operation of most medicines, so readily dispose of to take cold.

The Vegetable Extract has now been some time before the public, and its great powers justly tested. Hundreds of individuals have successfully tried it, and several eminent physicians are in the almost daily use of it in their practice, who are truly astonished at its great curative qualities, and are ready to give their testimony in favor of its efficiency and power. There now remains but one obstacle in the way of its very general use, and that is, the price. The proprietors, being desirous to obviate this difficulty, have therefore determined to reduce the price to 62½ cents per bottle, and will call on one of the proprietors, No. 115 State street, Boston, besides the recommendations which will accompany each bottle, other abundant and most satisfactory evidence will be exhibited respecting it.

For sale wholesale and retail by one of the Proprietors and General Agent, RALPH SMITH, 115 State street. Sold also by Maynard & Noyes, 13 & 15 Cornhill—William Brown, 431 Washington street—Pearson & Rowland, 138 Washington st.—Brewer & Brothers, 90 Washington st.—J. P. Hall, 1 Union st.—S. Holden, corner of Chestnut and State streets—J. L. Moffat, corner of Chamber and Poplar st.—D. Henchman, 41 Cambridge st.—F. Plummer, 118 State st.—C. French, 181 Hanover st.—A. Boyden, 24 Hinecock st.—R. A. Newell, corner of Summer and South st.—W. F. Elliot, 81 Hanover st.—W. Fowle, 43 Prince st.—J. P. Whitwell, corner of Milk and Bath st.—J. P. Preston, corner of Federal and Williams st.

MAN'S GREATEST AND BEST EARLY FRIEND.—HEALTH PRESERVER, RESTORER.—SEARS' AMERICAN HYGIENE VEGETABLE RENOVATING PILLS, are now offered, for the benefit of the public, by the Author, under an honest persuasion, that the certificates of their efficacy and effects; and the references and testimony respecting his own reputation and character, will secure for them a public sale. They have been the result of much research and experiment, occasioned by unusual sufferings from Dyspepsia and a diseased liver for 30 years. During a considerable part of this period, it has been to me an object of anxious solicitude, to discover some preparation of medicine better calculated to relieve me in the natural course of things, than any I had heretofore used. And after many experiments in Materia Medica; and, among the vegetables of our country, I have succeeded in preparing a medicine, purely and entirely vegetable, which does in an eminent degree, what is so important and desirable object. Their effect is to excite and sustain a natural peristaltic action in the stomach and intestines, and to produce a discharge from them of all the morbid and sordid matter which they contain; and also to remove bilious obstructions, and promote the natural secretions of the liver. Hence they are peculiarly efficacious in curing all diseases, originating from a disordered state of the stomach and bowels: such as Indigestion, Costiveness, Bilious Cholera, Nervous Sickness, Headache, Dropsy, Yellow and Black Jaundice, Chlora Morbus, Catarrhus Vesicae, Erysipelas, Heartburn, Sourness of Stomach, and General Debility. Their efficacy has been fairly and abundantly tested by my own experience and that of many others. They may, with perfect safety, be taken by persons of all ages, in cases of colds, and they are especially adapted to the relief of invalids, in offering them to the public, I pledge my reputation and character, that a perfect trial of their effects will satisfy them of their superior efficacy. In regard to my reputation and character, I have permission to refer to the Rev. Dr. H. B. Swann, of Andover, and the Rev. Dr. Spring, of New York; and I would also present the two following certificates from the Hon John W. Taylor, and the Hon John S. Young, of Ballston Spa, whose characters are well known to the public.

"I certify that I have been well acquainted with William Sears, now of the village of Ballston Spa, for more than thirty years. He has through life maintained a fair reputation. His character for truth and general integrity stands high. Indeed I have never heard him impeached. JOHN W. TAYLOR, Ballston Spa, Oct. 6th, 1834."

"I have known Mr. William Sears for more than thirty years, having resided most of that time in the same town with him, and during that period he has sustained a character without reproach. S. YOUNG, Oct. 8, 1834."

Extract from a certificate of Mr. James Comstock, editor of the Ballston Spa Gazette:—"For several years past Mrs. Comstock has been afflicted with an unusually obstinate Dyspepsia, attended with a great degree of acidity of the stomach, and redundancy of bile. For several months past she has taken Sears's A. H. V. Renovating Pills, and has experienced more benefit from them than she has ever received from any medicine. I can with confidence recommend them to the public."

Extract from a certificate of Mrs. Powell, wife of the Hon. Judge Powell, of Saratoga county:—"For many years past I have been afflicted with the symptoms of a liver complaint, which have frequently been attended with a pain in my side, so severe as to confine me. About three months since I commenced taking Sears's A. H. V. Renovating Pills, which have greatly relieved me, and rendered unnecessary the use of any other medicine. I do highly esteem them, and recommend them to all who are afflicted as I have been, with a liver complaint. ANN POWELL, Oct. 3, 1834."

For sale by Messrs HENSHAW & CO., Druggists, Boston—where circulars, giving a more general description of them, will be distributed, gratis.

DISCOVERED IN 1831.—A. L. feeling that he had been long and uselessly bestowed upon him by the citizens of Boston and vicinity in the use of his Samaritan Salve, is assured that a continued use of it will answer their expectations, as he confidently warrants it a genuine article for the above complaints.

Sold by T. H. Briggs, Ann street—Richard A. Newell, Summer street—Palmer, Jones & Blake, Hanover street—Daniel Henchman, Cambridge street—John Bacon, Court st.—Thomas Farrington, Tremont st.—John Stevens & Co., Charlestown—Andrew Geyer, Hanover st.—William L. Richardson, Hanover st.—John P. Caldwell, South Boston—Stevens, East Cambridge—Moffat, Poplar st.—Hayward, Prince st.—Fountain of Health, Union st.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—A Machinist—A Wool Spinner—Also a man to tend table in a public house, but those who understand their business need apply to G. H. MARDEN, corner of Merrimac and Friend st., near the City Scales.

BOYS' CLOTHING. ready made, and made to order at No. 24 Court street, (Tudor's Buildings.) JOHN WILSON & SON.

AN ANCHOR.—Suitable for a Ship of 400 to 500 tons burthen—for sale by FERDINAND E. WHITE 22 Long wharf.

MOHAR COATING.—Just received 6 pieces Mohar Coatings—each sold by the piece, yard, or made into coats, by J. G. WYMAN, 71 Washington street, opposite the Post office.

MACHINERY BANDING.—of any given length or breadth, is now extensively manufactured by the Roxbury India Rubber Company, and offered for sale by MARI-NEB TEBBETTS & CO., at the Company's warehouse, 109 State st.

COGNAC BRANDY.—A few half pipes Pelletouin's brandy, choice quality, balance of importation per Billows cargo—for sale by JAMES LEEDS JR & CO., 18 Long wharf.

WANTED. a young man in dry goods store—also several men to work in private families—also men to work in boarding houses—also several girls to work in a factory. Apply at 47 Milk st.

SOAP. Half boxes shipping Soap, for sale by F. E. WHITE, 22 Long wharf.

NOTICE.—A Systematical, Vegetable and Vapour Steam Bath, is now in operation at No. 2 Salter Place, Prince street, under the direction of Dr. A. Andrew. The Proprietors, having considered, and the approbation of this kind for Steam Bathing, highly necessary, if conducted in a proper manner, and the public may be assured of its operations, in a manner systematical, not however, infringing on the Thompsonian System.

The patient of any skillful Physician can be attended to in the operation, agreeable to his order, or he can attend them in person if he chooses. There will be female attendance on Ladies, who are qualified. Those who are desirous, and deem it necessary to go through this salutary operation, are requested to call as above.

Fresh Garments will be in readiness, for those entering the Bath, and suitable preparation of Oils, for the closing of the pores, on leaving the Bathing Room. This Bath is also calculated for people in health, and is preferred to the common mode, for cleansing the skin. Price 50 cents for water—\$1 and upwards for vegetable, according to the preparation.

FREIGHT TO WORCESTER will be forwarded per Railroad on the following terms:—

Mixed generally, \$3.50 per 2000 lbs.
Wool, furniture, leather, and other articles, bulky and light, will be charged higher.

Gunpowder, Lucifers, and similar combustibles, will not be taken on any terms.

Goods should be sent before dark to JOHN FREEMAN, Master of Transportation, at the Depot, with a memorandum of the articles, and the name and residence of the consignee.

Shippers of goods from New York and elsewhere, to be forwarded on the Railroad, are notified that the Corporation will not be responsible for the same, unless they are delivered as above at the Depot.

100 CASKS OF DAY AND MARTIN'S GENUINE JAPAN BLACKING constantly on hand, for sale by their Agent, J. A. DICKSON, at the Music Saloon and London Importing Warehouse, No. 36 Cornhill, (formerly Market st.)

The casks are variously assorted, to accommodate retailers, and the Blacking will be sold in good order.

PORTRAIT AND MINATURE PAINTING. R. ROWLEY thanks the public for the very liberal patronage he has received, and would inform those desirous of having Portraits or Miniatures painted, that he may be found at his rooms, No. 11, Pearl Place, at all hours of the day, where it will afford him pleasure to attend to the execution of all orders he may be favored with. Ladies and Gentlemen are invited to his rooms to examine his Paintings.

NOTICE.—The Partnership heretofore existing between KING & HOWARD, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

NOTICE.—The Hoe Manufacturing business formerly carried on by KING & HOWARD, will hereafter be transacted by ASA R. HOWARD, at Easton, Mass. All orders addressed, in advance, to Easton, or Corners, will receive prompt attention by ASA R. HOWARD.

NOTICE.—The subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has taken out on hand a general assortment of the different kinds of Marble, suitable for Centre and Pier Tables, Monuments, Grave-Stones, Tombs, Tables and Marble Chimney Pieces, made of the best kind of foreign and domestic Marble, and will be sold on the most reasonable terms.

All kinds of Marble work, carving or fancy ornamenting, can be executed in the first style at this establishment, Haverhill street, near the Warren Bridge.

ARTISTS' FINE COLORS.—A large and superior assortment of Artists' Fine Colors—for sale on the most reasonable terms by LEWIS & CO., 115 State st.

JOHN E. BROWN, VETERINARY SURGEON respectfully informs the public, that he will board and attend SICK AND LAME HORSES, of all diseases, at his Horse and Cattle Hospital, at the corner of Bow and Canal streets, on the following terms:—For the first week for \$5, and the second week for \$4—and if essential to remain under his care longer, upon terms as may be agreed on.

Surgical cases, such as Polypus, Fistula, Wens, &c. A cure warranted, if the owner requests it.

The above prices include all ordinary charges.

GRATES, FIRE FRAMES, STOVES, &c. WILLIAM PERRY & CO. have on hand, and offer for sale, at their old stand, under the Meeting House, 22 School street, Boston, a large and splendid assortment of Grates, Fire Frames, Stoves, Hollow and Tin Ware, Coal Hods, Cutlery, Fire Iron, &c.—among which are some imperial and common Dish Covers.

200 sets of Fire Irons and Stands
300 sets of splendid Stoves
Common do
Zinc and Iron Coal Hods
Pokers, Brass Fire Irons
Fire Bricks
Fire Brick Backs & Cheeks
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ELEGANT ENGLISH PERFUMERY.—JAS. & EDWARD ATKINSON, Perfumers, 24 Old Bond st., corner of Burlington Gardens, London, have supplied their Agents, DICKSON & Cornhill, recently Market street, with a valuable quantity of the following articles, which have been generally approved—

FASHIONABLE SOAPS.—White Hands.—Atkinson's Almond Soap—made from the purest Oil of Almonds—uniting all the softening qualities of the Almond with the delicacy of the common Alkaline Soap.

Chopped Hands.—Camphor Soap—J. & E. A. recommend this Soap as containing a greater quantity of Camphor than has hitherto been considered practicable. It possesses all the cooling and other good qualities of that well known article.

For Family Use.—Atkinson's old brown Windsor Soap.

Ambrosial Soap.—It is made from pure vegetable oil, and is equally mild as the almond, only differing from it in perfume and color—the latter being a light brown, and the perfume a combination of those most generally approved.

The above, with every other new and fashionable Soap and Shaving Cakes, are always ready for exportation, and an allowance is always made on taking one or more dozen.

Atkinson's Concentrated Essence of Lavender—prepared from the strongest of the best Lavender Water, freed from all the empyreuma of the spirit, and unsophisticated with the sickly admixture of musk, ambergris, &c. The superiority of this article to Lavender Water is, that it is much more powerful and fragrant—it is also much cheaper, as there is four times more perfume of the Essence for the money, than in the best Lavender water in use.

Atkinson's Vegetable Dye.—changes red or grey hair on the head, or whiskers to an auburn or black, so permanent that neither washing, perspiration, nor any other cause can in the least affect it.

Beard Grease. for the growth of Hair—this article is procured from the animal in its native climate, it being known to possess more vivifying properties than so procured, than when the animal is in a domesticated state. It is of the finest quality, and is sent out without any admixture, except a little perfume to keep it sweet—and for the growth of hair it is no longer far superior to any thing hitherto known. Also for dressing the hair it is very pleasant and useful—cleansing the head from dandruff, and making the hair beautifully soft and glossy.

Atkinson's Curling Fluid, or Vegetable Hair Oil—for dressing the Hair. This article has been very generally patronized for the last twenty years—and is considered an indispensable appendage to the toilet—it is a most excellent article for dressing the hair, making it, however, harsh, soft and glossy as silk—and keeping it in curl in exercise or damp weather.

Atkinson's Shaving Paste.—is a very neat portable paste; a very elegant and excellent preparation for shaving.

Milk of Almonds.—The most elegant and efficacious cosmetic hitherto introduced. It is a great improvement to what has long been known as Milk of Roses. It removes freckles, redness, roughness, &c. from the skin, and gives it a brilliant clearness and whiteness.

Atkinson's Depilatory.—For removing superfluous hair on the Face, Neck or Arms, with equal certainty and safety, leaving the skin softer and whiter than before the application.

Hudson's Botanic Tooth Powder and Tincture.—These Dentifrices, which have so much attracted the attention of the Medical Profession, are remedies for all disorders of the mouth; they not merely cleanse and beautify the Teeth, but preserve them from decay. They make the Teeth white, fasten such as are loose, eradicate the scum and tartar from the gums, leaving the firm and of a healthy redness, and it used regularly will supersede the necessity of a Dentist. They are entirely free of acid, and so innocent that a child may take the contents of a box of the Powder; and the Tincture is an excellent stomachic, and a certain remedy for the Toothache.

Hudson's Tooth Brushes.—in sets of three—made on scientific principles, and warranted in bone and ivory.

Atkinson's Dye.—for changing the hair on the head, eyebrows or whiskers, to a permanent brown or black, by one application, without staining the skin or the finest linen.

Caution.—Every article of James and Edward Atkinson's manufacture has their names and address distinct on the label, also a small address stamp, similar to a patent medicine stamp, printed in colors.

ESSEX, ss. At a Court of Probate, holden at Ipswich in and for said County, on the first Tuesday in February, A. D. 1836, George Osborne, who is named executor in a certain instrument, purporting to be the last will and testament of Betsey Varney, late of Salem, in said county, singlewoman, deceased, having presented the same for probate:—

ORDERED. That the third Tuesday in February, instant, eleven of the clock before noon, be assigned as the time for considering said instrument, at a court of probate, then to be holden at Salem, in said county; and that said George Osborne give notice to all persons interested, by causing an attested copy of this order to be published three times in the Commonwealth Sentinel and in the Boston Morning Post, printed in Boston, before said time, that they may be present, and object, if they see cause, to such probate.

D. A. WHITE, Judge of Probate.

A true copy of record.

Attest, NATHANIEL LORD, Jr., Register.

DUMFRIES' Eye-Water!

FOR SORE or Inflamed Eyes—nothing known gives such immediate and comfortable relief. In recent sore eyes, the effect is most salutary. Where the complaint has been of years standing, and in some exceedingly bad cases, the most unexpected and desirable relief has been found in the use of this Eye Water, after every other remedy had failed. Persons who have tried it, pronounce it to be the most valuable and best preparation for those complaints they have ever met with.

Price 25 cents a bottle.

None are genuine unless signed T. KIDDER, on the wrapper, (sole proprietor, and successor to Dr. Cowwary), by whom they are for sale, at his Counting room, No. 99 Court st., Boston, and by his special appointment, by Henshaw & Co. Wm. C. Stimson & Co. Delano & Whitney, Frost & Co. F. S. & N. Carruth, Hastings, Marsh & Co. Moffat, Plummer & Co. J. P. Hall, T. Hollis, J. Kidder, F. W. Doane, Rogers, Devereux, Proctor & Rhodes, Lynde, Swift, Allen & Reed, J. Bacon, J. M. Smith, W. Brown, S. W. Fowle, E. Wight, J. R. Brown, J. Fowle, W. Dyer, E. L. Elliot, C. French, R. A. Newell, T. Farrington, W. Blasland, J. F. Elliot, J. P. Whitwell, E. Thorndike, D. Henchman, Peterson & Rowe, J. T. Brown, A. Seaton, G. M. Mead, T. Richardson, E. S. Holden, A. Geyer, A. Boyden, W. L. Richardson, J. White, T. Restioux, E. Prank, J. L. M. Moffat, Boston—Caldwell, South Boston.

Wheeler & Co. Craft's, Stevens, Charlestown—Ramsey, Cambridge—Davis, East Cambridge—Whitton and Wheeler, Cambridgeport—Lemon, Cordwell, Roxbury—Brewer, Dorchester—Hayden, Quincy—Richards, Dedham—Angier, Medford—Thayer, Woburn—Kidder, Watertown—Whitton, Hingham—Bartlett, Plymouth—Drew, Kingston—Phipps Smith, Gloucester—Proctor & Rhodes, Lynn—Swift, Abbe & Anderson—Nichols, Haverhill—Endicott, Beverly—Russell, Marblehead—Smith, Ipswich—Dexter, Essex—Shattuck & Co., Concord—W. & C. Warren, Brighton—Robbins, Carlton, Lowell.

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WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1836.

Errata.—In our report of the examination of the officers of the Traders' Bank, in yesterday's Post, in the last line of the fifth paragraph from the bottom, read \$20 instead of "\$40."

The opinions of Gen. Washington, Mr. Jefferson, and Gen. Jackson, identical, on the right of a Foreign Government to interfere in consultations between the different branches of this.—The Globe publishes an extract from a manuscript letter, found among Mr. Jefferson's papers, and written in answer to one he had received from the British Minister, Mr. Hammond, (dated 3d August, 1792,) which is exactly applicable to the pending question between our government and France. Mr. Hammond had been dissatisfied that Mr. Jefferson, in his report to Congress on the foreign commerce of the United States, had not followed literally the terms of a letter which he, Mr. Hammond had addressed to him on some branches of the trade between Great Britain and the United States, and inquired of Mr. Jefferson, "if he had never laid his (Mr. Hammond's) letter before the two Houses of the Legislature." In reply, Mr. Jefferson says:—

"I must therefore observe to you, Sir, that in my quality of Secretary of State to the United States, I cannot receive any communication on the part of a foreign Minister, but for the purpose of laying it before the President and of taking his orders upon it; and that the deliberations of the two Houses of the Legislature, as well as the communications which it may please the President to make to them, relative to the affairs of this country, are objects entirely foreign from all diplomatic correspondence, and upon which it is impossible for me to enter into any discussion whatever with the ministers of other countries."

THOMAS JEFFERSON.

This letter was not sent to Mr. Hammond, it being endorsed on the margin, "the President (Gen. Washington) thought it better to avoid irritation;" but the original draft thus endorsed, was carefully preserved, and bound up in a volume of very interesting original papers. It records, in the most strong and unequivocal terms, Mr. Jefferson's opinion of the pretensions now set up by France.

The Mercantile Library Association, before which Mr. Norton lately delivered a pertinent address, is one of the best institutions in the city. A correspondent informs us that it was formed about sixteen years ago, by a number of young men engaged in mercantile pursuits, and is now in a most prosperous condition. It has recently received a new impulse from the establishment, in connexion with the Library, of a series of exercises calculated to improve the members in composition and elocution. Every apprentice should read Mr. Norton's Address, where he will find a detailed exposition of the advantages to be derived from the Association, and at once enrol his name among its members.—Mr. N., who, we understand is yet a minor, evinces talents, and a maturity of judgment, which would be highly creditable to many of his seniors, and deserves the thanks of those in whose behalf he has called them into exercise.

¶ We would recommend to the attention of some of the Democratic members of the Pennsylvania Senate, whose votes it is said Mr. Biddle is sure of in support of his thirty-five million Bank, the following extract from RIZZINI, Mr. Bulwer's last work:—

"If there be a vile thing in the world, it is a plebeian advanced by patricians, not for the purpose of righting his own order, but for playing the pander to the worst interests of theirs. * * * Did they ever elevate a plebeian if he sympathized with plebeians?—No, brother; should he lifted above our condition, I will be raised by the arms of my countrymen, and not upon their necks."

Our philanthropic friends in Maine have got against a stamp in their effort to abolish capital punishment.—Their constitution provides that "all persons, before conviction, shall be bailable, except for capital offences, where the proof is certain or the presumption strong;" so that when these offences cease to be capital, they become bailable; and as the Constitution provides that "excessive bail shall not be required," their punishment may be easily avoided through pecuniary means.

Mr. John H. Clifford's Lecture before the Boston Lyceum, a few evenings since, was, we have heard, a mere party harangue, made up of vulgar abuse of those who differ from him in political sentiment, and of rapid eulogy upon Daniel Webster and his followers. In manner and manner it would hardly have been considered respectable in a New-England Caucus. The lecturer's sense of propriety and gentlemanly feeling are pretty clearly illustrated by his outrage upon common courtesy in introducing before a Literary Society, composed of individuals of every party, a discourse of the nature we have described.

"If the editor of the Morning Post is anxious to publish the name of the physician who made the recipe for the arsenic, we will enable him to do so at our next interview."—*Traveller.*

We think, Mr. Traveller, that it would be rather more manly and proper for you to draw a long breath, take courage, and do it yourself. The imputation you have cast, is general now—if it be just, why hesitate to do what you are bound in justice and honor to do—give it a definite application? You have already exonerated one physician, and are certainly under the same obligation to all the innocent of the Faculty that you were to him.

The material New York relief bill finally passed the Legislature of that State on Friday, and has become a law. The assembly concurred in the amendments of the Senate by a vote of 101 to 5. The bill among other provisions, authorizes the banks in the city of New York to borrow for two years a sum equal to one-half of their capitals respectively, and to discount upon it as capital to the amount of one and a half of the sum borrowed.

Paul Pry has been sorely puzzled by the following advertisement which has appeared in several of the Boston papers—there is something mysterious about it, certainly.

"Caution.—The public are cautioned not to examine the back and forthcoming numbers of the Boston Pearl."

The Censor says that Mr. Rasini and Miss Louisa Johnson, of the Lion Theatre, intend holding a grand Fancy Ball on Friday next at Porter's Hotel, Brighton. Tickets \$5.

Singular case of Superstition, or something worse.

A man by the name of Witty was recently tried before an Illinois Court for a conspiracy against the life of another man by the name of Lewis, under the following extraordinary circumstances. The prisoner was found guilty, and sentenced to one year's imprisonment—but the verdict was subsequently set aside and a new trial granted, on the ground that one of the Jurors was an alien!—

It appeared that the defendant resided near the house of an old gentleman by the name of Lewis. A woman, by the name of Berry, who had a few days before given birth to a child, was residing in the house of the defendant with her husband. About three or four days after this event, Lewis and his wife made a friendly visit to the house of Witty, to enquire into the health of Mrs. Berry. This was in the evening. They found the family as well as they expected, but much exhausted with loss of sleep. After stopping a short time, and finding they could render them no assistance, Lewis and his wife went home. The next night, the old couple were sent for by Berry, and they went prepared to render all the service of which they were capable. On arriving at the house they found the family more exhausted than they were the night before. All but Lewis and his wife soon retired to rest. About midnight Mrs. Berry called Witty to her bedside, stating to him that she had been a good brother to her and that she had been a good sister to him, and she hoped that he would obey her in the request she was about to make. She then began to scream, saying that they would be lost unless they would all fall down on their knees and pray—ordering Witty to make them do so. By this time all were awake and greatly agitated. Witty superstitiously believing that he must obey the voice of his sister, succeeded in forcing Berry on the floor; where he attempted to place him on his knees, and held him in this position by the hair of his head. In the mean time Berry was calling out for assistance—and his wife mathematizing all who would not pray, stating that she saw hell open and they would all be swallowed up if they did not obey her, &c. &c. In attempting to rescue Berry from the clutches of Witty, Lewis was made the next victim. In giving his evidence the old man stated that Witty with one hand caught hold of his hair, and with the other his throat, for the purpose of forcing him on his knees—and in this way he dragged Witty to the door, but could not make his exit. At this time all but his wife appeared to be upon him—they finally forced him down;—one or two pressing his face to the floor, and all calling upon him to pray. While in this position, with his hands extended on the floor, some one—he thought it was Mrs. Berry—commenced "hacking" his hands with a case knife until they were shockingly mangled. As soon as this process was ended, some one commenced stabbing him apparently with a penknife.

His pantaloon, which were shown in Court gave testimony of about fifty cuts of this kind, in addition to a great number of wounds he received above his waistband. He became very much exhausted with loss of blood and was left for a short time weltering in his gore. While in this situation, Mrs. B. threw a chair upon him from the bed with such force that it broke one of his arms. This she repeated two or three times, but not with the same effect. Berry during a part of this time was on the outside of the house with Mrs. Lewis, and towards daylight some neighbors were sent for who removed the mangled body of Lewis to a place of safety.

Berry stated that he considered his wife a good woman—that he verily believed she was supernaturally inspired during that night, and that a long fit of sickness from which he had not entirely recovered, together with much loss of sleep, produced this impression on his mind; which, to all appearance, had never been much enlightened.—*Jacksonville Pat.*

"A Working Man" has sent us a communication written so finely that we are unable to read the whole of it. We are able to ascertain, however, that he wishes to call the attention of the Legislature to our Judicial tribunals. He says—

"The Judiciary is a most important branch of the government. Why should it be overlooked or neglected? Does it not need the watchful care of the people? Are not abuses as likely to creep in here as elsewhere? Are they not more likely to exist here longer than elsewhere without causing suspicion? Can it be amiss to enquire now and then how things go here? Will it be wrong to enquire in the language of our excellent constitution, whether every subject can obtain justice here—'promptly and without delay'? Is there an unusual delay would it not be proper for the Legislature to enquire into the causes of it? And would it not be fitting to devise some means of preventing it and causing a more prompt and speedy administration of the laws?"

"It has been the object of the Legislature to improve our laws by codification, and they well know that good laws will be of little value if they be badly administered. There is however one thing to fear. It is that no one is bold enough to come out plainly and take the matter in hand. Many can be found stout hearted enough to attack the lawyers indiscriminately. They have become perhaps more odious than they deserve to be, and it requires no great courage to insult a dead lion. But it remains to be seen if any one is honest, independent and bold enough to enquire whether the judges are not as faulty as the lawyers, if not more so; and whether the scrutiny ought not to be directed to the bench rather than to the bar?"

Religion.—The Chinese, according to the testimony of the Jesuit Missionary du Halde, place above the doors of their Temples, the following inscription:—

"To the first principle, without beginning and without end. It has made all—it governs all. It is infinitely good, infinitely just—it enlightens, it sustains, it regulates all nature."

The Egyptians inscribed upon the Temples of Isis the following:—

"I saw what is. I am what has been, and what is to be—no mortal shall raise my veil."

¶ We received, some days since, a rejected Address, written for the opening of the Lion Theatre; but as the subject has become somewhat trite, we think it hardly worth while to print it.

Professor Sheridan's Lectures on Gymnastics. at No 6, Hanover street, are very popular. His second course commenced on Monday.

Mr. Reece takes a benefit to-night at the Tremont. There will undoubtedly be a full house.

For the Boston Morning Post.

Why is our facitious friend Bass, a real fish?—D'y'e give it up?—Because he belongs to the Finny tribe.

Why is he also an uncommon fish?—D'y'e give it up?—Because, though often quoted, he is never quoted in the price current.

Q?

Impostors.—Two men were sentenced, at the Police Court, last week, for three months each, to the House of Correction in Ipswich, for attempted imposition on the public. They had a forged paper, which they had used in begging, and which purported to come from Mr. Peter Remson, a rich merchant in New York, recommending them to the public charity, because they were poor and worthy, and he, being ruined by the great fire, was unable to pay what he owed them.—Owens finally acknowledged that he forged Mr. Remson's signature to the paper. There names were Owens and Clark.—*Salem Register.*

Howard Benevolent Society.—The amount contributed at the annual meeting of this charitable institution, on Sunday evening, was \$325.

POLICE COURT.

Forgiving and resenting Injuries.—Examples of both these qualities are often exhibited in Court—sometimes honorable to the parties, and sometimes disgraceful not only to the parties themselves, but to the species of which they are the degraded representatives. The parent is often seen arrayed and swearing against the child, and the child against the parent; the forgiving wife may be seen, at the risk of offending high heaven, endeavoring to extenuate the guilt of her husband, and the husband may be seen exaggerating his wife's aberrations from the path of duty in order to get rid of her. At one time may be observed the wealthy pampered child, "impelled by a sense of duty!" prosecuting a little fatherless girl for stealing chips, and at another a poor sailor had hesitating to testify against a villain who has robbed him of his last dollar. Horses, through the medium of some tender-hearted animal-philanthropist, claim the protection of the Court, against the cruelty of men, and men in their turn claiming the same protection against boys who may have happened to have cuffed their ears. The most frivolous slap in the cheek is often prosecuted with as much rigor as if an atrocious murder had been perpetrated while an assault which actually threatens the life of the assailed is overlooked and forgiven as soon as committed. A case in point of this sort has been disposed of this week. A week ago Robert Mountain was brought up by Watchman Stratton, for an assault on Lawrence Moore, with a fire shovel; but on account of the severe wound Moore had received, in the head, and which confined him to his bed, the examination was postponed till such time as he might be sufficiently recovered as to be able to appear in Court. So serious was the injury he had received, that some considered it doubtful whether he would survive it; but yet, so far from cherishing a single feeling of resentment or animosity towards the individual, whose violence had brought him even to the borders of the grave, Moore felt and expressed the most earnest desire to shield Mountain from the legal consequences of his offence, and while lying helpless in his bed, dictated the following sincere, though singular note, to the sitting magistrate, for the purpose of arresting all criminal proceedings:—

"Worshipful Sir—
I do not intend to hurt or harm Robert Mountain—the slight wound I received I am better of, and never intended to prosecute him therefore—it being the first time I knew him to be in a court of justice, I hope your worship will act propitiously with him.
I am yours, &c. &c.
his
LAWRENCE M. MOORE
mark."

When this note was first received on Friday last, it was not known when the forbearing writer might get over his own "hurt," and Mountain was recommended to jail, for want of bail. On Monday, however, it was ascertained that Moore was out of danger, and as it is the practice of the Court to permit parties to settle such personal difficulties, if they are voluntarily disposed to do so, the prosecution was stayed on payment of costs.

Municipal.—At a meeting of the Mayor and Aldermen, on Monday:—A letter was received from John Hammond, declining to be a candidate for the office of Engineer of the Fire Department—read, and laid on the table. George W. Otis was re-elected Surveyor General of lumber; Zephaniah Sampson, Superintendent of streets, and James Wilson, public clerk. An order from the Common Council, appropriating \$1000 to the Boston Fire Department, in aid of its funds; referred to the Committee on the Fire Department. Petition of the inhabitants of South Boston, to be set off into a separate ward—referred to Aldermen Gurney, Dunham and Hunting, with such as the Common Council may join. Petition of Wm Wright and 119 others, for the use of Faneuil Hall on Thursday evening, the 18th inst., with liberty to adjourn to the next day and evening, if found necessary—granted. Petition of Josiah L. C. Amee and fifty others, that a general meeting of the voters of the city be called, on Monday, the 22d inst., to take into consideration the expediency of petitioning the Legislature to alter the city charter, so that the citizens may elect one Alderman to each ward—read, and a warrant was ordered accordingly. Order of the Common Council, appointing Messrs Edwards, Marett and Park, with such as the Board of Aldermen might join, a committee to examine the Court House, old House of Correction, Jail and the land belonging to the same, situated on Leverett street, and to report if, in their opinion, it is advisable to sell, alter, or dispose of the whole or any part of the same, and consider what alteration can be made in the location of the Jail, for the better accommodation of the Municipal, Police and other Courts—read and concurred, and the Committee on the Jail and the House of Correction was joined. A resolve passed to widen School street. Petition of Benj. Pool and others, to have a watch established at East Boston—referred to the Mayor. The board of accounts, quarterly report of the state of the Jail and House of Correction—read and filed.

A woman recently died in Italy, who had attained the advanced age of 142 years, after having been blessed with eight husbands, the last of whom has survived her. The disconsolate widow, who is in his 62d year, became enamoured of his better half when he himself had just passed his 20th year, and his bride had completed her century. Malevolent tongues insinuate that his love was influenced more by the pleasing anticipation of a rich inheritance by his wife's decease, than her charms. If such were the case, his dreams of bliss were not realized until 42 years had rolled over his head, and he had heard many and many a tale of the various merits of her former consorts. The eldest of the lady's surviving daughters is 90 years of age, consequently she was born in her mother's 62d year. The daughter is herself a great great grandmother.

¶ An examination took place in the Mayor and Aldermen's room, last Thursday, on the complaint of Cornelius Fuller, against a watchman of this city, who was charged with assaulting Mrs. Eliza Fuller, on the evening of the 26th January, which has been represented in some of the news papers as a gross outrage. The parties had a thorough hearing, and eleven witnesses were examined. This investigation resulted in the belief that all which took place, may have occurred by mistake, and innocently, and probably did so occur.—The whole subject was then indefinitely postponed.—*Merc. Jour.*

Narrow Escape.—Last (Monday) evening, about 11 o'clock, Messrs S. K. Pratt and C. W. Taylor, employed as private watchmen, discovered smoke issuing from the store of Cary & Spring, Kilby street. They immediately gave the alarm, and the fire was soon extinguished. It caught from a portable grate, the fire burning through the floor, and falling into the cellar.—No general alarm was given. Damage trifling.—*Transcript.*

The use of "your humble servant," came first into England on the marriage of Queen Mary, daughter of Henry IV., of France; which is derived from *vos tres humble serviteur*. The usual salutation before that time was: "God keep you!"—"God be with you." And among the vulgar, "How dost do?" with a thump on the shoulder.

A Town Meeting was held in Lowell, on Wednesday last, to take the preliminary steps on the subject of a city government. On motion of Judge Locke, a committee of twenty-five was chosen to take the whole subject into consideration.

The Editor of the Cincinnati Gazette, in commending an engine company, says, it is frequently first at fires, and always second.

Under the obituary head of the Wiscasset Intelligencer, we find recorded the demise of Mrs. Sally Sweetpotato.

The walking, yesterday, was "no man's business"; the splash was first rate, and a plenty of it.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

In the Senate, Tuesday, February 9.—A bill to incorporate the Atlantic Silk Company was ordered to a second reading. Bills to incorporate the Framingham India Rubber Company, and the Essex County Natural History Society, were passed to be engrossed.

In the House.—Remonstrance of Jonathan Dean, against so much of the petition of the Selectmen of the town of Raynham, as respects the removal of his wife from the State Lunatic Hospital—petition of F. Bowman and others of Cambridge, to be incorporated for the purpose of building a bridge over Charles River, from Cambridge to Boston.

In the orders of the day, the bill relating to witnesses was again taken up.

On motion of Mr. Currier of Newburyport, it was ordered that when the question on passing the bill to a third reading, be taken, it be taken by yeas and nays.

There was quite a sharp debate on the bill. Mr. Park opposed it as being a piece with the common slang of reform and ten-hour system, the partisans of which had paraded the streets of Boston with music and banners.

Mr. Berkeley thought, if the bill passed, it would create a shudder throughout the sober and reflecting portion of the community.

Mr. Whittemore was surprised at the display of piety on the part of Mr. Berkeley, since but a few days ago he had been called to order from every part of the House, for a gross violation of decency, in some remarks he uttered near the Speaker's chair. Mr. Whittemore stated, that the principles of the bill had already been embodied into the statutes of Connecticut and Rhode Island. He also advanced a number of striking illustrations of the absurdity and injustice of the present law upon the subject.

Mr. Hillard, of Boston, followed, and spoke at great length, and eloquently, in favor of the bill. He set out with the remark, that if he had not come into the House with his mind made up, the arguments and sophistry arrayed against the bill, would have made him in favor of it.

The bill, with the orders of the day, was laid on the table.

A bill to repeal expressly all the Statutes consolidated in the Revised Statutes was passed to be engrossed in concurrence, with an amendment.

REVIEW OF THE BOSTON MARKET FOR THE WEEK ENDING TUESDAY, FEB. 9.

ASHES.—We have to report a considerable decline in prices of pearls. They have come to market freely, and the demand being quite limited, a reduction of \$1.00 per 100 lbs has been submitted to since our last. Several lots have been taken at \$8.00. Pots have changed but little—no sales of importance have been made.

BATHS.—No demand for this article. There are some lots in market, but we have no sales to report.

CANDLES.—Sales of sperm are with difficulty effected at the reduction noticed in our last. In moulds there is but little doing.

COAL.—Sales of a cargo English coal, about 300 tons, price and terms not made public. In anthracite there is but little doing. Sales by auction of orrel at 12.50x13.37, and canal at 13.00x13.75 per chd., and Schuyler's at 7.00 per ton.

COFFEES.—There is fair demand for the various descriptions of coffee without change of prices. Sales St Domingo at 10x11x12; Rio 12x13x14; Java green 12x13; Java old sale at 13x14 per pound. The stock of West India coffee is considerably reduced.

CORN MEAL.—In very limited demand, and we have no operations to report.

COTTON.—The harbor has been closed with ice for some days, and we are without any further supplies of Cotton. At the close of last week all the stock in market was taken by manufacturers at 15x20x25 for prime New Orleans—17x18 for fair do., and 19x20 for prime Alabama. Ample supplies are soon expected.

DUCK.—No operations of any importance in Duck have come to our knowledge. There has been no change in prices. We notice one sale of Light Ravens at 6.50 per piece.

DIAPERS.—In more active request. Sales of broad Russia at 1.57x1.60, 6 months. Some lots are held higher.

DRUGS.—We notice recent importations of Shellac and Lac Dye, and sales 40 cases Lac Dye at 25x26x27; and Shellac at about our lowest quotations. Otto Rose is more plenty, and prices are less firmly supported.

FEATHERS.—We notice sales of Russia to a considerable extent, price and terms not made public.

FLOUR.—The demand for Southern has been moderate, but buyers are more firm and former prices are more easily obtained. Sales Howard street at 7.50 a bush—Fredericksburg and Alexandria at 7.37x7.50. Some lots have been taken to go out of the market.—Genesee has improved considerably.

The stock is small and the weather has been such as to prevent any of the chief supplies are in few hands, and held with firmness. The principal sales have been at about 8.00 per bush. cash. Supplies will no doubt be received as soon as the navigation is open.

FRI.—There have been no further importations since our last. Sales by auction of cargo Brigs Niger from Sicily, 900 boxes oranges at 2.17 a 2.34; 340 boxes lemons at 2.18x2.25 per box 60 days credit.—Also auction sales 1300 drums Eleina at 54 a 6x6; and 3000 drums common poor quality at 54 a 6x6; and 350 boxes Eleina raisins at 6x6 per bush. We notice private sales of the balance of importations of figs per cask—Malaga raisins at 7.50 a 7.75 per cask—Smyrna raisins in boxes at 6x6 and casks at 6x6 per lb.

GR.—There have been no importations of grain since our last report. Holders of corn are more firm and have advanced their prices. There is but little remaining in first hands, except two or three cargoes which have been put in first hands. Sales of yellow flint at 33 a 35 per bush, cash, and 60 a 6x6; white do at 28; and a few lots northern rye and about our highest quotations. The market is nearly bare of oats and prices have improved considerably. Sales southern 39 a 40 per bush.—No northern in first hands. Rye is scarce and wanted.—There have been no recent sales, and we continue quotations.

HONEY.—Sales by auction of 5 bbls. inferior at 43 cts. per gallon, cash.

HEMP.—The quantity in hands of importers is small, and the market anxious to sell. We notice nothing doing in clean since our last, some sales out-hand have been made at \$180 per ton.

HIDES.—Not much animation in the market for this article. The only sale of which we hear of is a lot of 1500 St. Biscuits taken at 14 cts. per lb. 6 cts. cr.

HAY.—Recent sales of good and superior at 24 a 25, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623,

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